

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

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SECURITY INFORMATION

COUNTRY	China	REPORT NO.	[REDACTED]	25X1A
SUBJECT	1. Cotton Mill, Shensi 2. Soviet Machines for Mines in Shansi	DATE DISTR.	11 May 1953	
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(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

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1. In August 1952 the Chinese Communists formally opened a large cotton textile mill at Hsienyang (N 34-20, E 108-40), Shensi, with a total of 75,000 spindles. The mill was named "The State-Owned Mei Feng (5019,6265) Cotton Textile Mill." In November there were 28,000 spindles in operation. Unemployed workers in east China had been recruited for the mill.

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2. In November 1952 the Tat'ung (N 40-06, E 113-14) Coal Mine in Shansi began using the latest model Soviet-made coal mining machine exclusively. The machine was the K'ang-pai-yin (1660/2157/0936), Tun-pa-szu (7319/1572/2448) Model 1, which could dig, crush, and load coal. In November the new machine was under the personal supervision of Communist experts who had established a training class to teach technicians from the Tat'ung and Shantung Coal Mines to operate the K'ang-pai-yin Machine.

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